# Core Mathematics C4 Advanced Level 

## For AQA

## Paper C <br> Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

## Instructions and Information

- Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions.
- The formulae booklet, available from AQA, may be used.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures unless a different degree of accuracy is specified in the question or is clearly appropriate.
- You may use a graphical calculator in this paper.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 75 .


## Advice to Candidates

You must show sufficient working to make your methods clear to an examiner. Answers without working may gain no credit.

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1. (a) Express $y$, where $y=\frac{5 x+7}{(x+1)(x+2)}$, in partial fractions
(b) Hence find the value of $\frac{\mathrm{d}^{2} y}{\mathrm{~d} x^{2}}$ when $x=1$.
(3 marks)
2. Given that $A$ and $B$ are both obtuse angles and that $\sin A=\frac{3}{5}$ and $\sin B=\frac{5}{13}$, find the exact values of $\sin (A-B)$ and $\tan (A+B)$.
3. (a) Expand $(1+2 x)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ in ascending powers of $x$, up to and including the term in $x^{3}$, simplifying the coefficients.
(b) State the set of values of $x$ for which the expansion is valid.
(c) In the expansion of

$$
(1+a x)(1+2 x)^{-\frac{1}{2}}
$$

the coefficient of $x$ is 3 . Find the value of the constant $a$ and find the coefficient of $x^{3}$.
4. The parametric equations of a curve are

$$
x=2 \theta+\sin \theta, \quad y=\cos \theta, \quad 0 \leq \theta \leq 2 \pi
$$

(a) Show that the equation of the tangent to the curve, where $\theta=\frac{\pi}{2}$, is $2 y+x=\pi+1$.
(b) Find the coordinates of the stationary points on the curve.
5. (a) Prove that

$$
\cos 4 x=8 \cos ^{4} x-8 \cos ^{2} x+1
$$

(b) Using part (a) solve the equation

$$
\begin{equation*}
8 \cos ^{2} x-8 \cos ^{4} x=1, \quad \text { for } \quad 0<x<180^{\circ} \tag{3marks}
\end{equation*}
$$

6. The number of fish $N$ in a pond is given by the formula

$$
N=A \mathrm{e}^{-k t}
$$

where $t$ is the time in days measured from a time when $N=5000$.
(a) Write down the value of $A$.
(b) Given that $N=4000$ when $t=4$, show that $k=\frac{1}{4} \ln \frac{5}{4}$.
(c) Find the value of $N$ when $t=8$.
7. (a) Factorise $\left(x^{2}-4 x+3\right)$ and hence express $\frac{2 x}{x^{2}-4 x+3}$ in partial fractions.
(3 marks)
(b) Solve the differential equation

$$
\frac{\mathrm{d} y}{\mathrm{~d} x}=\frac{2 x y}{x^{2}-4 x+3}
$$

given that $y=\frac{1}{3}$ when $x=4$. Give your answer in the form $y=\mathrm{f}(x)$.
(6 marks)
8. (a) The line $l$ passes through the points with coordinates $(1,6,1)$ and $(4,0,-8)$. Find a vector equation for the line $l$.
(2 marks)
(b) The line $m$ has equation $r=\left(\begin{array}{r}4 \\ 8 \\ -4\end{array}\right)+\mu\left(\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 2 \\ -1\end{array}\right)$ and intersects the line $l$. Find the coordinates of the point of intersection of $l$ and $m$.
(4 marks)
(c) The line $n$ has direction $\left(\begin{array}{l}5 \\ k \\ 5\end{array}\right)$, where $k$ is a constant. The angle between $m$ and $n$ is $60^{\circ}$. Find the positive value of $k$.
(3 marks)
9. (a) (i) Express

$$
\begin{gathered}
40 \cos \theta-9 \sin \theta \quad \text { in the form } \\
R \cos (\theta+\alpha) \quad \text { where } \quad R>0 \quad \text { and } \quad 0<\alpha<90^{\circ} . \quad \text { (4 marks) }
\end{gathered}
$$

(ii) Hence solve the equation

$$
\begin{gathered}
40 \cos \theta-9 \sin \theta=4 \\
\text { for } 0<\theta<90^{\circ} \text {, giving your answer to } 1 \text { decimal place. } \quad \text { (3 marks) }
\end{gathered}
$$

(b) Solve the equation

$$
6 \sin \theta=2 \operatorname{cosec} \theta+1
$$

for $0<\theta<180$.
(5 marks)

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