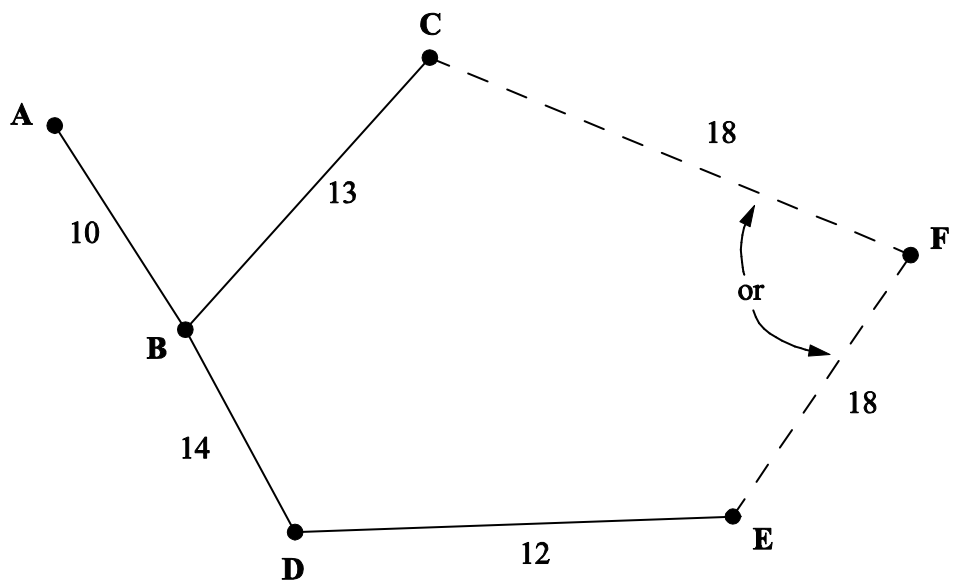
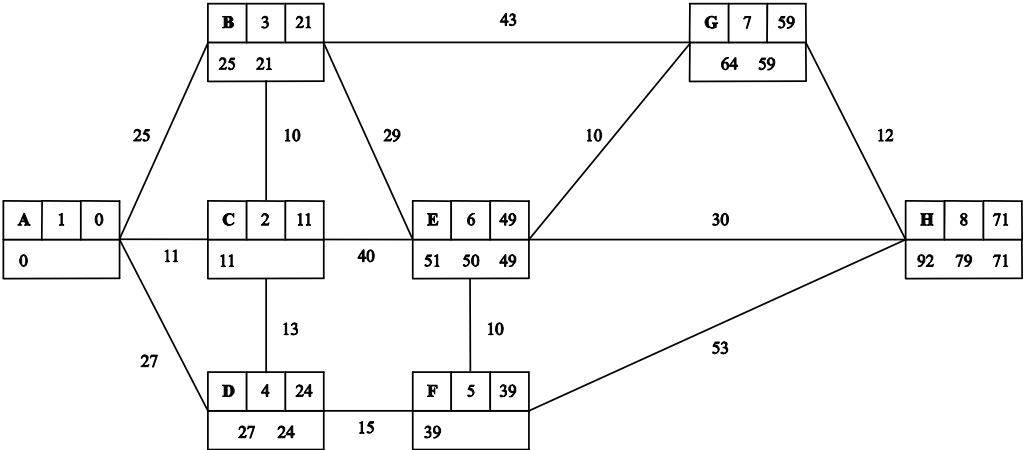


Question Number	Scheme	Marks
1. (a)	The list is not in alphabetical order.	B1 (1)
(b)	E.g. A Quick sort J C C B B B M C B F G G F B T H H H H K J M J K K R M M M M M G T R K R R F R T R T T H G T B K F R Sort complete + named correctly	M1 A1 A1 A1= B1 (4)
(c)	Pivot 1 = $\left[\frac{1+10}{2} \right] = 6$ Jenny reject 1 - 6 Pivot 2 = $\left[\frac{7+10}{2} \right] = 9$ Richard reject 9 - 10 Pivot 3 = $\left[\frac{7+8}{2} \right] = 8$ Merry reject 8 Pivot 4 = 7 Kim - name found	M1 A1 A1ft A1 (4) 9

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
2.		
(a)(i)	A tree is a connected graph with no cycles/circuit	B1
(a)(ii)	A minimum spanning tree is a tree that contains all vertices and the total length of its arcs (weight of tree) is as small as possible.	B1 B1 (3)
(b)	AB, DE, BC; $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{reject AC} \\ \text{BD} \end{array} \right\}$ reject BE, reject CE, use either EF or CF	M1; A1 A1 (3)
(c)		B1 (1)
(d)	No, there are two solutions since either EF or CF should be used.	B1 (1) 8

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
3. (a)	$6x + 5y \leq 60$ $2x + 3y \geq 12$ $3x \geq 2y$ $x \leq 2y$	B2,1,0 (2)
(b)	Drawing objective line{ (0,3) (1,0)} Testing at least 2 points Calculating optimal point Testing at least 3 points $\left(7\frac{1}{17}, 3\frac{9}{17}\right) = \left(\frac{120}{17}, \frac{60}{17}\right) \approx (7.06, 3.53)$	M1 A1 DM1 A1 awrt (4)
(c)	$24\frac{12}{17} = \frac{240}{17} \approx 24.7$ (awrt)	B1 (1)
(d)	(6,4)	B1 (1) 8
4. (a)	[Given $A - 3 = R - 4 = C - 5$] $A - 1 = H - 2$ $A - 1 = H - 3 = R - 4 = C - 5$	M1 A1 A1 (3)
(b)	$A = 3, C = 5, H = 1, (J \text{ unmatched}), R = 4$	B1 (1)
(c)	Alternating path : $J - 4 = R - 3 = A - 1 = H - 2$ Change status : $J = 4 - R = 3 - A = 1 - H = 2$ $A = 1, C = 5, H = 2, J = 4, R = 3$	M1 A1 A1 (3) 7

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
5. (a)	$AC + DF = 9 + 13 = 22 \leftarrow$ $AD + CF = 16 + 8 = 24$ $AF + CD = 17 + 7 = 24$ Repeat arcs AC, DG and GF	M1 A1 A1 A1 A1ft (5)
(b)	E.g. ADCACGDGFGECBEFBA Length of route = $98 + 22 = 120$ (km)	B1 B1ft (2)
(c)	CF (8) is the shortest link between 2 odd nodes excluding D Repeat CF (8) since this is the shortest path excluding D. We finish at A Length of route = $98 + 8 = 106$ (km)	M1 A1ft A1ft (3) 10
6. (a)	 ACDFEGH Length 71 (km)	M1 A1 (ABCD) A1ft (EF) A1ft (GH) A1 A1ft (6)
(b)	E.g. $71 - 12 = 59$ GH $49 - 10 = 39$ FE $24 - 13 = 11$ CD $59 - 10 = 49$ EG $39 - 15 = 24$ DF $11 - 11 = 0$ AC Or Trace back from H including arc XY if (Y already lies on the path and) the difference of the final values of X and Y equals weight of arc XY.	B2,1,0 (2)
(c)	ACBEGH Length 72 (km)	B1 B1 (2) 10

Question Number	Scheme	Marks																														
7.																																
(a)	<table><tr><th>Activity</th><th>Proceeded by</th><th>Activity</th><th>Proceeded by</th><th>Activity</th><th>Proceeded by</th></tr><tr><td>(A)</td><td>(-)</td><td>E</td><td>A B</td><td>I</td><td>C D E</td></tr><tr><td>(B)</td><td>(-)</td><td>(F)</td><td>(B)</td><td>J</td><td>C D E</td></tr><tr><td>C</td><td>A B</td><td>(G)</td><td>(B)</td><td>K</td><td>F H I</td></tr><tr><td>(D)</td><td>(B)</td><td>H</td><td>C D</td><td>L</td><td>F G H I</td></tr></table>	Activity	Proceeded by	Activity	Proceeded by	Activity	Proceeded by	(A)	(-)	E	A B	I	C D E	(B)	(-)	(F)	(B)	J	C D E	C	A B	(G)	(B)	K	F H I	(D)	(B)	H	C D	L	F G H I	B3,2,1,0 (3)
Activity	Proceeded by	Activity	Proceeded by	Activity	Proceeded by																											
(A)	(-)	E	A B	I	C D E																											
(B)	(-)	(F)	(B)	J	C D E																											
C	A B	(G)	(B)	K	F H I																											
(D)	(B)	H	C D	L	F G H I																											
(b)	Network diagram showing activities A through L with their durations and earliest/latest times. The diagram starts at 0 and ends at 22. Activities are represented by boxes with their earliest and latest times. Arrows show dependencies with activity names and durations. Dashed lines indicate float times.	M1 A1 M1 A1 (4)																														
(c)	Critical activities are B D J H L	M1 A1 (2)																														
(d)	Gantt chart showing the duration of activities A through L on a timeline from 0 to 24. Activities are represented by horizontal bars with their names and durations. The chart shows the sequence of activities and their durations.	M1 A1 M1 A1 (4)																														

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
7. (e)	E.g. Between time 7 and 16, 3 workers could do $3 \times 9 = 27$ days work. Activities C, D, E, F, G, H, I and 4 days of J need to be done This totals 31 days work. So it is not possible to complete the project with three workers. OR If three workers are used three activities H, J and I need to happen at time 13.5, this reduces the float on F and G, meaning that at 10.5 D, C, F and G need to be happening. Our initial assumption is incorrect hence four workers are needed.	B3,2,1,0 (3) 16
8.	Let x be the number of type A radios and y be the number of type B radios. (Maximise $P = 15x + 12y$) Subject to $x \geq 50$ $\frac{1}{5}(x + y) < x$ (accept $\leq$) [$y < 4x$] $\frac{2}{5}(x + y) > x$ (accept $\geq$) [$2y > 3x$] $3x + 2y \leq 200$ $y \geq 0$	B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 7