

Answers			3	Marks	Examiner's tips
1	a)	GC	AAUG	2	Allow one mark if T instead of U, i.e. GCAATG.
	b)	i)	DNA is edited / introns present in DNA	1	Allow reference to 'or non-coding DNA'.
		ii)	220; three bases / nucleotides code for one amino acid;	2	Allow 218 or 219. Allow two marks if correct explanation is given for 218 or 219.
	c)	mRNA has no base-pairing, tRNA has base-pairing / mRNA linear, tRNA clover-leaf shape; mRNA has no binding site for amino acids, tRNA has; mRNA different for each gene / many kinds, only few / 20 / 64 kinds of tRNA;		2 max.	Accept mRNA longer / larger / more nucleotides than tRNA.
2	a)	AG TTO		2	
	b)	spec carr corr	codon complementary to codon / reads sage on mRNA; eific amino acid; ried / transferred (to ribosome); rect sequence of amino acids along ypeptide;	3 max.	
	c)	(Ме	et), Phe, Gln, Gln, Lys, Gln, Phe	2	Three/four/five correct = 1 mark; six correct = 2 marks.
3	a)	eacl	tein made of (chain of) amino acids; h amino acid has its own base code / e; let codes;	2 max.	
	b)		A = 2 marks A = 1 mark	2	
	c)	CC(	G; G GGG;	2	
	d)		nges base sequence; ater triplets / amino acid codes;	2	



## Answers to examination-style questions

## **Answers** Marks Examiner's tips 1. mRNA leaves (nucleus) through nuclear 6 max. pore; 2. to ribosome; 3. tRNA molecules bring amino acids (to ribosome); 4. specific tRNA molecule for specific amino acid; 5. anticodon of tRNA corresponds / complementary to codon on mRNA; 6. peptide bonds form between amino acids: 7. tRNA detaches and collects another amino acid; 8. ribosome moves along mRNA; a) join / attach nucleotides, to form a 1 strand / along backbone / phosphodiester bonds ribosome / RER 1 i) **CGTTACCAA** b) CGU UAC CAA ii) substitution 1 i) alanine 1 d) (mutation 1) 2 no change (to sequence of amino codon for alanine / degenerate codon /

2

same amino acid coded for;