(iii)	Explain why your answers to (i) and (ii) are not contradictory.
	[2]
(c) Sta	te why the method of creating a $^0_0$ Z particle described in (b) is not very efficient.
	[1]
	[Total: 13]

- (a) Describe briefly the quark model of hadrons.
  - · Illustrate your answer by referring to the composition of one hadron.
  - Include in your answer the names of all the known quarks.

Give as much information as you can about <b>one</b> particular quark.

(b)	A proton (p <sup>+</sup> ) can interact with a $\pi^-$ particle to produce the three particles shown and	an
	unknown particle X. The equation for the reaction is	

$$p^+ \ + \ \pi^- \ \longrightarrow \ n^0 \ + \ \pi^0 \ + \ \pi^- \ + \ X \, .$$

The charge, baryon number and strangeness of the  $\pi^-$  and  $\pi^0$  particles are shown in Fig. 6.1.

	charge	baryon number	strangeness
$\pi^-$	-1	0	0
$\pi^0$	0	0	0

Fig. 6.1

(i)	Assuming that strangeness is conserved in this reaction, find the charge, baryon number and strangeness of particle ${\bf X}$ .
	charge
	baryon number
	strangeness
/::\	[3]
(ii)	Suggest what particle <b>X</b> is.
	[1]
	[Total: 9]